

## Adverbs of manner

Un adverbios es una palabra que describe una acción (de un verbo), diciendo cómo, cuándo o dónde sucede algo. En este caso nos centraremos en los adverbios de modo, que responden a la pregunta cómo (HOW) en inglés.

Algunos adverbios de modo (HOW), como regla general añade -LY al adjetivo:

- Careful > carefully      slow>slowly      nervous > nervously

Hay que tener en cuenta algunas pequeñas modificaciones que se producen en estos para no caer en error:

- Uncomfortable > uncomfortably (donde la -ble se cambia por -bly)
- Happy > happily ; angry > angrily (donde la y cambia a i+ly)

Finalmente, hay que tener en cuenta que hay adverbios totalmente irregulares que no siguen ninguna norma, y hay que aprenderlos como tal:

- Fast, hard, late, well so adverbios irregulares, si bien hardly existe (significa casi) y lately también (recientemente).

Tanto estas palabras (fast, hard, late), como las que veremos a continuación, pueden ser tanto adjetivo como adverbio:

- Early, daily, weekly, monthly.

Ej: He's got a fast car.                      He drives fast  
I got an early flight                      I went home early

## Adjectives Ending in -ly

Los estudiantes a menudo pueden confundirse con los adjetivos que acaban en LY porque parecen adverbios de modo. Aquí debajo tienes una tabla con los adjetivos acabados en LY más comunes.

Adjective	Meaning	Example
<b>Very High Frequency:</b>		
daily*	every day	my daily schedule
early*	before expected time	an early lunch
elderly	old	an elderly person
friendly	pleasant; nice	a friendly lady
likely	will probably happen	It's likely to rain.
lovely	wonderful; beautiful	a lovely evening
unlikely	probably won't happen; unpromising	He's unlikely to come.

**High Frequency:**

holy	dedicated to God	a holy place
lively	full of energy/spirit	a lively debate
lonely	unhappy from being alone	a lonely girl
monthly*	once a month	a monthly payment
silly	not serious or intelligent	a silly movie
ugly	without beauty	an ugly painting
weekly*	once a week	a weekly magazine

**EJERCICIOS:**

**1.- Circle the correct word, adjective or adverb:**

- The children played quiet/quietly. -It was raining heavy/heavily yesterday.
- She gave it a careful/carefully look. -She speaks perfect/perfectly German.
- Have you seen Rebecca recent/recently? -He's a slow/slowly runner.
- She sings good/well. - She bought a nice/nicely dress.

**2.- Complete with WELL, ILL, BAD, BADLY, HARD, HARDLY:**

- Last Thursday I woke up feeling \_\_\_\_\_.
- When I got up I realized I could \_\_\_\_\_ walk.
- I had exercised \_\_\_\_\_ in the gym the night before.
- My left ankle seemed to be \_\_\_\_\_ swollen.
- I didn't feel at all \_\_\_\_\_ but I had to go to the doctor's.
- I found it \_\_\_\_\_ to walk there, but I managed it in the end.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ news was that I needed an X-ray and had to go to the hospital.
- The doctor there told me there was nothing wrong. I could \_\_\_\_\_ believe it.

**3.- Put these adverbs in the correct position in the chart above:**

Always, really, almost, rather, quite often, fairly, never, a bit, nearly, sometimes, extremely, frequently, pretty, seldom, slightly, hardly ever, incredibly, occasionally, very, rarely, hardly

FREQUENCY	DEGREE				TIME
	<i>Light</i>	<i>Medium</i>	<i>Strong</i>	<i>Stronger</i>	

**4.- Put the following words in the correct sentence: EARLY, HARD, HARDLY, WEEKLY, WELL:**

- And I really understand Italian quite \_\_\_\_\_
- You've got no playschool tomorrow so you haven't got to get up \_\_\_\_\_
- Why should I work \_\_\_\_\_ when you do nothing?
- Departures from the UK are \_\_\_\_\_, mid-morning on Sundays from Dover
- She was really, you know, nervous, and \_\_\_\_\_ came out of her flat at all.

**5.- Change the adjective to an adverb and write the sentences (angry, careful, good, loud, patient).**

- His neighbours didn't hear the doorbell so he knocked \_\_\_\_\_ on the door.
- I want to learn to speak English \_\_\_\_\_
- 'You're late again', the teacher said \_\_\_\_\_
- Kate took off her shoes and put them \_\_\_\_\_ back in the box.
- The bus was late, but we waited \_\_\_\_\_ for it to arrive.

**6.- Complete the following table with words that have the same root. Use your dictionary:**

<i>Noun</i>	<i>Adjective</i>	<i>Opposite</i>	<i>Adverb</i>
Health			
	Beautiful		
			Fashionably
Generosity			
	Natural		
		Impossible	
			attractively
Comfort			
	active		
		irregular	
legality			